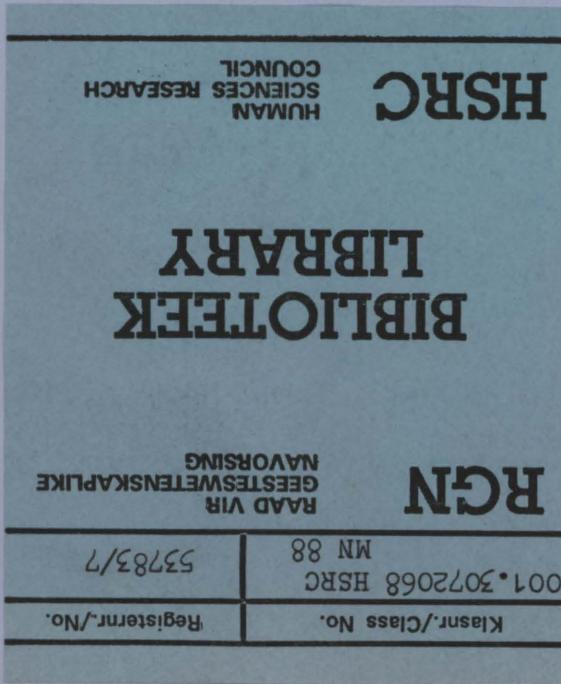

The profitability of occupations and fields of study pursued by graduates in 1981

A. Goosen





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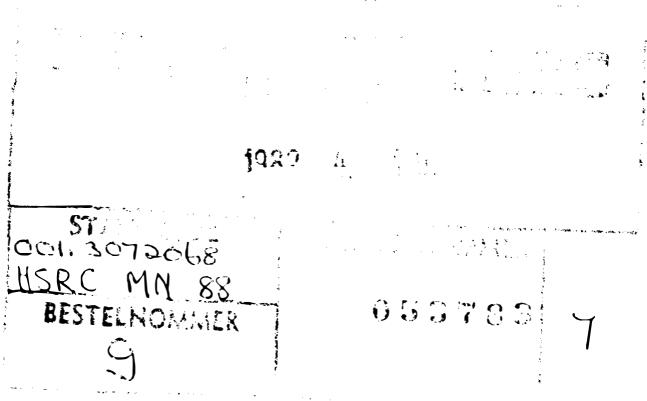


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The profitability of occupations and fields of study pursued by graduates in 1981

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THE PROFITABILITY OF OCCUPATIONS AND FIELDS OF STUDY PURSUED BY GRADUATES
IN 1981

BACKGROUND AND AIM

Wages, the price paid for labour, are determined by the interaction between supply and demand, the competition between buyers and sellers and finally, by the cost of reproducing the labour force (Woytinsky 1953 : 3).

Labour differs however from the ordinary goods and services that can be bought, sold and priced. The difference is caused by the fact that the worker and his labour cannot be separated and all matters related to the rendering of his labour are of fundamental importance to the worker. An employer does not buy an objectively measurable quantity of energy, but an unknown quantity of labour which cannot be separated from the worker as a person. The labour market, therefore, differs essentially from commodity markets (Boshoff 1971 : 10).

In the so-called perfect market, prices will depend only on supply and demand, but the labour market is anything but perfect and the price of labour, the wage, is therefore not only determined by supply and demand. In addition to insufficient knowledge, which prevents competition, there are other factors affecting the free movement of wages in the supply and demand situation, such as trade union actions, wage agreements, manipulation of the supply, and agreements between employers, for example between the various education departments.

Despite the shortcomings in the market, the determination of relative wage levels in the different industries, occupations and regions is reasonably good (Reynolds 1965 : 17).

Although by no means perfect, the various wage levels that can be linked to occupations and fields of study are an indication of the relative demand for certain occupations and fields of study.

In this study various occupations and fields of study are compared with regard to profitability to determine for which occupation or field of study the highest price is paid. The studies are regularly repeated since prices are not static and the supply and demand situation changes.

This investigation is the sixth in the series and is based on the 1981 wage survey. The profitability study involves White men only. Women normally do not have an uninterrupted professional career, but interrupt their careers to get married or have children. Non-Whites are not included in the studies because their numbers in most occupational groups are too small for analysis.

The specific aim of this study is to determine the profitability of occupations and fields of study practised by White male graduates as at 1 March 1981, and to compare the findings with those of previous investigations in order to indicate the change in the relative profitability of occupations and fields of study over a given period.

The profitability for employees and self-employed persons is calculated separately, because the income of self-employed persons is not directly comparable with that of employees as it includes an entrepreneur's remuneration and a risk premium.

2 SURVEY GROUP, QUESTIONNAIRE AND REPRESENTATIVENESS

2.1 SURVEY GROUP AND QUESTIONNAIRE

It is estimated that there are approximately 138 000 White male graduates in the RSA and SWA. The names and addresses of these persons are not available and the National Register of Natural and Social Scientists was therefore used to identify the survey group.

The National Register of the HSRC contains information on a sample of approximately 60 % of the graduates or persons with equivalent qualifications. Recorded in the Register are data such as the names, addresses, sex, age and qualifications of graduates.

The names and addresses of 86 032 White men living in the RSA and SWA were drawn from the National Register and a questionnaire was posted to each of them in March 1981. This group will be referred to as the National Register group. Of these 86 032 persons 38 306 (44,5 %) completed and returned questionnaires (the respondent group). The questionnaires provided information on the respondent's occupation, employer sector, income, fringe benefits, working hours, working weeks and the economic sectors

of employers. The information was requested as at 1 March 1981. Information on age, language, qualification and place of residence was obtained from the National Register.

The occupations and fields of study of which the profitability is determined in this investigation, were obtained from the respondent group on the basis of reasonably determinable cost and wage structures. In the case of fields of study the profitability of self-employed persons was not determined as the respondent group was too small.

The respondents' anonymity was protected throughout as no names or addresses were linked to the questionnaires. It will be noticed that the analyses in this report are presented in such a way that the anonymity of individuals is safeguarded.

2.2 REPRESENTATIVENESS

In 1970 the National Register was a representative sample of the graduate population of the country (Ebersohn 1972 : 13) and there is no reason to assume that it was no longer representative in 1981 since information on new graduates and immigrants is annually added to the register and information on deceased persons and emigrants removed.

The question is now whether the respondent group is a representative sample of the National Register group. The age distribution, level of qualification obtained and language distribution of the two groups are therefore compared in Tables 2.1 to 2.3

The percentual deviations between the National Register group and the respondent group with regard to the aspects that are compared, are relatively small and insignificant. It can therefore be assumed that the respondent group is a representative sample of the National Register group and probably also of the graduate population of the country.

3 EXPLANATORY REMARKS

The following explanatory remarks are necessary for the interpretation of the analyses.

TABLE 2.1
AGE DISTRIBUTION OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER AND THE RESPONDENT GROUP

Age	National Register group		Respondent group	
	N	%	N	%
20 - 24	2 698	3,1	1 086	2,8
25 - 29	13 810	16,1	5 987	15,6
30 - 34	13 637	15,9	5 933	15,5
35 - 39	12 087	14,1	5 403	14,1
40 - 44	9 934	11,6	4 587	12,0
45 - 49	7 585	8,8	3 558	9,3
50 - 54	6 926	8,1	3 217	8,4
55 - 59	6 314	7,3	2 925	7,6
60 - 64	4 799	5,6	2 160	5,6
65 +	8 242	9,6	3 450	9,0
TOTAL	86 032	100	38 306	100

TABLE 2.2
HIGHEST LEVEL OF QUALIFICATION OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER AND THE RESPONDENT GROUP

Highest level of qualification level obtained	National Register group		Respondent group	
	N	%	N	%
Diploma equivalent to B. degree	9 619	11,2	4 391	11,5
B. degree	41 806	48,6	18 312	47,8
Postgraduate diploma	6 922	8,1	2 808	7,3
B. Hons. degree	13 712	15,9	6 097	15,9
M. degree	9 455	10,0	4 530	11,8
D. degree	4 518	5,3	2 168	5,7
TOTAL	86 032	100	38 306	100

TABLE 2.3
LANGUAGE DISTRIBUTION OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER AND THE RESPONDENT GROUP

Language	National Register group		Respondent group	
	N	%	N	%
Afrikaans	42 147	49,0	19 104	49,9
English	43 885	51,0	19 202	50,1
TOTAL	86 032	100	38 306	100

3.1 GRADUATES

The report is concerned with occupations that are mainly practised by graduates. As some of the occupations can also be successfully practised by persons who are not graduates, a group of diplomaed persons was involved in the investigation. Persons with diplomas such as the Diploma in Architecture, Diploma Procurationis, Diploma in Pharmacy, the final qualifying certificate of the Public Accountants' and Auditors' Board (FQC) and persons registered as Professional Engineers (Pr. Eng.) were included in the investigation. Diplomaed teachers were not included and where reference is made in this report to teachers, graduate teachers are meant.

3.2 INCOME

Income in this report refers to the total income (excluding fringe benefits and prior to taxation) received as a result of the direct pursuit of the occupation and which was derived from the following sources:

(a) Basic income

(for employees, basic income refers to the gross salary received, including pensionable allowances; in the case of self-employed persons, income includes the net income from the occupation as well as salaried income from related work done after hours);

(b) director's fees obtained as a result of the pursuit of the occupation that was indicated;

(c) income earned through overtime, lecturing in a part-time capacity and consultation, and

(d) bonuses received, for example profit-sharing, trade, production and cash bonuses (such as service, holiday or Christmas bonuses).

Data are given as at 1 March 1981. It is known that employees in the public sector received a salary increase of approximately 12 % on 1 April 1981, while the increases in the private sector are not known. The increases granted after 1 March 1981 are not taken into consideration in this report.

Total income excludes the value of fringe benefits.

3.3 SELECTION OF OCCUPATIONS AND FIELDS OF STUDY

In the calculation of the rank order of profitability only certain occupations and fields of study were selected. The report deals first of all only with occupations and fields of study practised by graduates since only data on graduates are available (see Paragraph 2.1).

Secondly, the method of calculation of the rank order of profitability requires the availability of the income structures and a large enough respondent group for every occupation and field of study to ensure a reasonable distribution of respondents in the age categories 20 to 64 years. Thirdly, the cost of study should be reasonably determinable.

3.4 OCCUPATION

The occupational titles indicated by the respondents were used for the occupational classification. This means that a lecturer or manager with a qualification in engineering was grouped with lecturers or managers and not with engineers. Groupings however had to be done in some cases to obtain large enough groups for analyses.

In the following cases groupings were essential and occupations required special elucidation:

Accountant, auditor (registered/chartered/FQC): These are persons who have the final qualifying certificate (FQC) of the Accountants' and Auditors' Board or who indicated that they are registered or chartered accountants. Persons who have the FQC with occupational titles such as company secretary or accountant secretary are not included in this occupational group. An abbreviation is used when referring to this group in the tables and figures, namely accountant, auditor (r/c/FQC).

Accountant, auditor (not registered/not chartered): Persons who do not have the final qualifying certificate and who indicated this occupational title are classified in this group. An abbreviation is used in the tables and figures, namely accountant, auditor (n.r./n.c./not FQC).

Biological scientist: This group includes various occupations such as entomologist, biologist, biochemist and ecologist.

Computer scientist: This group includes occupations such as programmer, system analyst and computer scientist.

Medical specialist: This group refers to the occupations practised by persons in all the different fields in which specialization is possible.

Civil engineer, mechanical engineer and electrical engineer: This group excludes nongraduate engineers other than those registered with SACPE as Professional Engineers. Qualified engineers who indicated other occupational titles (such as factory manager) are excluded.

3.5 FIELD OF STUDY

Two groups are distinguished in the analysis of field of study: First, persons with a Baccalaureus degree as their highest qualification, and secondly, persons with an honours or higher degree.

Three fields are distinguished in the first group, namely:

B.A. degree: This includes a pure B.A., B.A. African Studies, B.A. Communication Science, B. Literature and B.A. African Studies and Development. Degrees such as B.A. Social Science and B.A. Law were not included.

B.Com. degree: The degrees ordinary B.Com., B.Com. Marketing, B.Com. Administration, B.Com Economics, B.Com. Management and Administration, B.Com. Accountancy, B.Com. Personnel Management, B.Com. Transport and B.Com. Communication are classified in this group.

B.Sc. degree: Degrees such as ordinary B.Sc., B.Sc. Meteorology, B.Sc. Computing Science and B.Sc. Computer Science are classified under this heading. Degrees in the applied natural sciences such as B.Sc. Eng. and B.Sc. Q.S. are not included.

The second group comprises classified persons with an honours, master's

or doctor's degree in various fields of study. In some cases groupings had to be done to obtain large enough groups for analyses. In the following cases groupings were essential:

Psychology: This group includes industrial psychology, personnel management and psychology.

Agriculture: This group includes agricultural economics and agricultural information.

Mathematics: This group includes mathematics, applied mathematics and mathematical statistics.

Persons with more than one qualification of the same level (e.g. two B. degrees or two honours degrees) or with a diploma or certificate in any field of study, are not included in the groups. Persons with, for instance, a teacher's diploma and a B. degree or an honours degree in any one of the various fields of study were not included, as the diploma will probably affect the order of profitability of the particular field of study.

3.6 SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS

This sector refers to persons with their own businesses, practices or undertakings and includes

- (a) partners in professional concerns and/or
- (b) managing directors owning more than 50 % of a company's shares.

3.7 EMPLOYEES

These are persons employed by the government or provincial administrations, local authorities, semi-government, government-controlled and government-aided organizations, for example universities, the SAR and H, HSRC and CSIR. It also includes employees employed by public corporations, for example ISCOR, SASOL, ESCOM and ARMSCOR, as well as private firms, organizations, concerns, et cetera.

The median value (M_e) is used to indicate the income of the occupations and fields of study. The median indicates the point where 50 % of a group receive less and 50 % receive more than the income indicated. For purposes of analyzing income, the median value is regarded as a better index than the arithmetic mean as it is not sensitive to extremely high or extremely low income values. The income of four or fewer persons in a specific category is not shown in the tables in order to safeguard the anonymity of persons.

The median incomes by age, occupation and field of study are shown in Tables 4.1 to 4.4.

5 METHOD OF CALCULATION OF PROFITABILITY

The cash-value method is used in this report to determine the profitability of occupations and fields of study.

When a person completes his schooling he usually chooses between joining the labour market and studying further. If he decides on further study, his study costs and the income he could have earned (forfeited income) can be regarded as his investment and his income after completion of his study as his return on that investment.

In the cash-value method the total investment as well as the total income during his working life is discounted to a cash value at the beginning of his working life.

For the purposes of this study it is assumed that a person matriculates at 17 years of age, completes his two years' military training after school and can start his occupational life at 20. It is also assumed that the person will practise the same occupation uninterruptedly until he retires at the age of 64 years. With regard to field of study it is assumed that the person does not obtain qualifications in other fields before he retires at 64.

TABLE 4.1
MEDIAN INCOME (R.P.A.) IN 1981 OF EMPLOYEES BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

Occupation	Age										Total
	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	Total	
Accountant (n.r./n.c./ not FQC)	N 29	272	161	100	42	22	24	23	3	681	
	Me 9 500	13 200	17 000	18 000	18 410	19 250	19 670	20 000	20 110	15 933	
Accountant (r/c/FQC)	N 6	111	80	45	45	41	36	19	19	402	
	Me 13 800	17 900	23 180	25 000	25 340	24 830	27 550	21 600	22 500	22 000	
Agricultural extension officer	N 2	22	10	18	24	9	13	5	1	104	
	Me -	9 400	13 990	12 930	15 360	15 600	17 970	18 980	-	14 550	
Agricultural researcher	N 9	34	22	23	17	16	5	7	-	134	
	Me 7 980	10 000	12 510	14 880	16 110	15 360	16 000	17 620	-	12 530	
Architect	N 1	40	46	21	18	20	24	32	22	224	
	Me -	13 100	16 170	18 850	22 720	19 750	20 250	21 000	19 410	18 330	
Archivist, librarian	N 4	15	17	14	15	14	7	3	2	91	
	Me -	7 640	10 580	11 560	18 100	18 230	16 540	-	-	12 410	
Attorney, lawyer	N 3	69	29	15	5	4	7	4	8	144	
	Me -	11 050	13 200	16 130	20 690	-	26 000	-	14 870	12 000	
Biological scientist	N 9	67	78	76	36	28	13	13	10	330	
	Me 6 500	9 100	12 470	15 320	15 030	17 330	19 700	18 420	18 930	13 430	
Chaplain, clergyman, minister	N 7	121	185	153	141	133	102	92	48	982	
	Me 4 800	8 010	8 970	11 000	12 900	14 040	14 250	14 000	14 230	11 450	
Chemist	N 5	30	26	36	35	20	18	15	9	194	
	Me 10 190	11 690	14 610	18 730	19 600	20 750	19 050	26 000	18 000	18 490	
Civil engineer	N 25	417	402	161	151	108	97	110	73	1 544	
	Me 9 580	13 410	18 270	21 150	23 940	23 360	24 000	23 530	23 080	18 980	
Computer scientist	N 16	93	57	40	19	8	6	1	3	243	
	Me 8 710	13 750	16 250	18 620	19 700	23 830	20 780	-	-	15 800	
Dentist	N 3	25	7	-	4	8	10	7	5	69	
	Me -	18 500	26 000	-	-	29 740	26 100	20 410	24 930	22 000	
Economic adviser	N 2	17	37	31	11	11	9	7	2	127	
	Me -	16 670	23 000	25 600	22 000	28 400	28 770	24 200	-	23 920	
Economist	N 5	18	21	24	19	10	17	5	1	120	
	Me 10 800	12 620	15 700	19 970	24 300	24 020	26 000	26 000	-	18 510	
Electrical engineer	N 31	197	163	97	64	33	60	68	38	751	
	Me 12 290	15 860	20 540	22 100	24 700	23 400	24 050	23 430	21 830	20 450	
General medical practitioner	N 1	239	193	68	32	22	47	80	63	745	
	Me -	18 550	21 480	26 000	25 800	29 450	30 200	28 910	26 400	22 100	
Geologist	N 5	76	48	35	27	23	9	9	3	235	
	Me 11 050	13 000	16 580	20 350	22 860	25 300	26 000	20 150	-	17 300	
Insurance agent , broker	N 1	14	15	14	8	3	5	3	1	64	
	Me -	17 500	20 000	23 210	30 000	-	40 000	-	-	23 060	
Land surveyor	N 3	27	10	4	4	9	17	17	8	99	
	Me -	13 220	15 570	-	-	19 680	24 000	22 640	19 340	18 000	
Legal adviser	N 2	22	20	16	13	5	12	5	1	96	
	Me -	11 800	17 300	20 760	25 860	24 000	26 050	26 000	-	19 500	
Lecturer	N 29	228	414	353	536	375	309	253	156	2 835	
	Me 6 510	11 770	15 600	18 400	19 340	20 150	22 500	22 200	22 500	18 530	
Mechanical engineer	N 19	95	114	67	44	30	31	44	25	469	
	Me 10 790	15 000	21 230	23 000	24 210	26 450	27 000	25 850	24 230	21 770	
Medical specialist (all fields)	N -	3	25	33	27	14	9	35	20	166	
	Me -	-	28 000	29 200	30 000	31 390	30 200	31 250	29 400	29 400	
Metallurgist	N 13	31	15	22	6	3	6	1	3	100	
	Me 6 440	8 240	11 040	14 260	15 070	-	25 380	-	-	10 360	

TABLE 4.1 (CONTINUED)

Occupation		Age										Total
		20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64		
Pharmacist	N	1	32	42	25	35	33	30	33	28	259	
	Me	-	12 010	14 200	16 100	16 300	16 960	15 880	16 900	14 570	15 600	
Physicist	N	6	10	10	12	18	10	10	-	-	76	
	Me	8 000	10 640	15 460	17 120	20 000	19 960	23 060	-	-	18 810	
Quantity surveyor	N	6	103	64	28	25	18	10	18	6	278	
	Me	12 140	15 000	17 630	18 850	20 990	23 600	21 490	22 380	21 360	17 700	
Teacher	N	70	428	329	378	328	203	130	123	66	2 055	
	Me	7 000	8 550	11 540	13 350	13 550	13 230	13 350	13 350	13 350	11 920	
Town and regional planner	N	2	41	35	22	3	8	8	7	3	129	
	Me	-	11 540	16 000	17 850	-	20 490	22 710	22 000	-	16 120	
Veterinarian	N	3	25	18	15	15	6	7	5	8	102	
	Me	-	12 440	16 160	19 660	19 700	20 100	21 290	20 390	20 000	18 230	

TABLE 4.2
MEDIAN INCOME (R.P.A.) IN 1981 OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

Occupation		Age										Total
		20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64		
Accountant (r/c/FQC)	N	1	45	198	238	185	151	105	101	63	1 087	
	Me	-	21 000	26 500	30 000	34 000	38 000	34 500	31 000	35 000	30 000	
Advocate	N	-	12	25	17	21	15	10	10	8	118	
	Me	-	15 140	26 000	40 000	36 000	40 000	45 000	44 000	16 000	33 640	
Architect	N	-	5	31	36	66	68	69	55	45	375	
	Me	-	17 200	21 500	24 000	30 000	28 000	29 000	27 000	24 000	26 000	
Attorney, lawyer	N	-	47	217	201	155	136	129	86	65	1 036	
	Me	-	18 000	25 000	34 000	36 000	35 000	32 000	30 000	30 000	30 000	
Civil engineer	N	1	10	29	45	75	52	52	41	17	322	
	Me	-	25 830	30 000	31 870	35 000	32 000	35 500	35 000	30 000	33 650	
Dentist	N	-	28	48	28	29	51	40	29	23	276	
	Me	-	26 000	30 000	28 000	24 000	30 000	24 400	28 000	24 000	26 000	
Farmer	N	11	110	106	126	96	65	52	51	48	665	
	Me	9 000	10 480	20 000	20 000	20 000	23 000	21 000	25 000	20 000	19 200	
General medical practitioner	N	-	20	118	122	101	75	97	129	84	746	
	Me	-	29 500	33 170	34 000	30 000	34 000	34 000	30 000	25 250	31 060	
Land surveyor	N	-	5	11	5	11	17	28	13	13	103	
	Me	-	20 000	23 400	20 000	21 000	22 000	20 000	20 000	21 150	20 000	
Medical specialist (all fields)	N	-	-	13	59	61	64	75	67	45	384	
	Me	-	-	42 900	45 000	46 500	47 000	40 000	40 000	33 850	42 000	
Pharmacist	N	-	23	97	97	74	86	72	52	17	518	
	Me	-	22 000	24 000	21 790	24 000	24 500	24 000	20 000	20 050	24 000	
Quantity surveyor	N	-	10	56	36	36	45	27	27	19	256	
	Me	-	17 700	25 000	28 500	24 000	30 000	32 500	30 000	35 000	26 200	
Veterinarian	N	-	16	28	41	15	7	8	2	3	120	
	Me	-	19 500	20 000	30 000	25 000	25 000	30 200	-	-	25 000	

TABLE 4.3

MEDIAN INCOME (R.P.A.) IN 1981 OF EMPLOYEES WITH A B. DEGREE AS HIGHEST QUALIFICATION BY FIELD OF STUDY AND AGE

Field of study	Age										Total
	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64		
B.A. degree	N	77	251	199	176	128	83	79	52	26	1 071
	Me	6 390	9 000	13 000	14 510	18 690	18 270	19 500	16 230	16 080	13 350
B.Com. degree	N	175	580	296	272	149	94	111	94	42	1 813
	Me	7 470	11 410	17 280	19 330	20 960	21 850	24 000	21 530	20 620	16 900
B.Sc. degree	N	82	188	156	156	102	72	60	47	19	882
	Me	6 960	11 700	15 500	18 790	19 590	20 350	24 050	25 480	18 270	16 820

TABLE 4.4

MEDIAN INCOME (R.P.A.) IN 1981 OF EMPLOYEES WITH A B.HONS. OR HIGHER DEGREE BY FIELD OF STUDY AND AGE

Field of study	Age										Total
	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64		
Accounting	N	7	45	24	13	14	6	5	2	2	118
	Me	9 520	18 000	23 600	22 000	24 340	21 560	23 000	-	-	21 200
Afrikaans	N	-	11	16	8	13	6	9	7	6	76
	Me	-	9 750	13 110	15 940	18 180	19 580	18 000	19 340	19 900	15 460
Agriculture	N	-	69	79	110	102	79	53	39	13	544
	Me	-	12 400	13 980	15 600	16 840	18 530	18 980	19 590	23 130	16 350
Botany	N	1	17	20	22	18	8	6	7	2	101
	Me	-	8 270	12 120	15 620	16 040	18 950	18 270	18 980	-	15 160
Business economics	N	-	20	33	28	13	6	8	3	-	111
	Me	-	12 800	16 350	19 430	22 890	23 190	26 380	-	-	17 420
Chemistry	N	3	32	37	49	54	30	20	20	14	259
	Me	-	12 240	16 350	18 940	21 130	21 560	23 960	28 050	23 250	19 500
Economics	N	2	27	24	25	22	7	7	6	3	123
	Me	-	11 500	17 870	19 400	22 530	28 580	26 000	24 100	-	19 280
English	N	1	7	16	14	10	14	4	6	3	75
	Me	-	9 150	13 240	15 130	17 440	20 530	-	18 290	-	16 090
Geography	N	3	20	26	12	31	18	9	6	6	131
	Me	-	8 890	12 360	14 340	16 650	18 430	18 000	18 210	16 100	14 600
History	N	-	23	28	30	33	20	20	13	13	180
	Me	-	9 220	12 900	16 000	16 940	16 040	15 950	18 420	16 800	15 130
Mathematics	N	6	25	40	31	23	14	10	9	6	164
	Me	7 160	11 860	13 970	19 930	20 000	23 300	22 300	24 610	23 990	18 300
Physics	N	4	19	25	30	34	14	13	7	6	152
	Me	-	11 860	17 000	18 430	21 150	23 330	23 000	25 030	25 490	19 690
Psychology	N	4	71	65	56	25	17	15	9	3	265
	Me	-	11 700	15 000	18 890	20 150	19 370	22 200	18 430	-	16 780
Sociology	N	-	11	10	17	12	11	10	10	4	85
	Me	-	10 450	13 940	16 800	15 720	18 530	23 130	14 790	-	16 120
Zoology	N	1	23	39	33	23	9	9	8	4	149
	Me	-	7 670	12 030	15 750	18 000	17 950	21 980	19 140	-	14 000

The following formula is used to calculate the cash-value of the income a person can earn during his working life:

$$I = \sum_{t=20}^{64} \frac{I_t - K_t}{(1 + \frac{r}{100})^{t-20}}$$

where

I = the cash-value at the expected income flow during working life (20 to 64 years),

t = age: 20, 21, ... 64,

I_t = expected positive income in year t,

K_t = expected negative income in year t (study cost and forfeited income) and

r = the chosen rate of interest.

It appears from the formula that the value of I decreases as r increases. One of the main disadvantages of the cash-value method is that the relative profitability of occupations and fields of study varies at different rates of interest. In the report the cash values for the expected income flows of the various occupations and fields of study are calculated for a number of rates of interest.

6 EDUCATION COSTS

Cost of training consists of two components, namely study costs and forfeited income. The two components are subsequently discussed separately.

6.1 STUDY COSTS

Study costs are one of the two components of the total investment a person has to make if he decides on further study.

The period of training determines study costs. The period of study

and study costs for the various occupations and fields of study are given in Tables 6.1 to 6.4. The period of study and study costs of the various occupations and fields of study were based on the prescribed periods and study fees of the University of Pretoria as they applied in 1981. The exceptions in this regard are pharmacology, which is not offered by this university, and quantity surveying. In the case of pharmacology the period of training and study costs prescribed by the Potchefstroom University are taken as an example. The regulations of the University of the Witwatersrand are used in the case of quantity surveying since the University offers the course on a full-time basis at a B. degree level.

The period of study refers to the minimum prescribed duration laid down by university regulations. The minimum training period is not necessarily the mean period it takes people to obtain a specific qualification, but as the mean period is not always known, the minimum period of study is taken as a basis for comparison. It has also been assumed that the respondents studied full-time at least until they obtained a B. degree or an honours degree, except where it was otherwise decided after consultation with the specific professional society. In the case of doctors it has been assumed that their study as medical specialists started at the earliest possible opportunity.

The study costs for persons with a B. Hons. and higher degree are taken into account only up to the B.Hons. level as persons in this group do have a B. Hons degree but not necessarily a master's or doctor's degree. The study costs for M. and D. degrees are ignored because

(a) most of the persons in this group have an honours degree as highest qualification and

(b) M. and D. degrees are usually obtained while students are already working and study costs would therefore have a relatively small affect on positive income.

6.2 FORFEITED INCOME

After obtaining a matriculation certificate a person normally has

TABLE 6.1
DURATION OF TRAINING BY OCCUPATION

Occupation	Years full-time study	Years part-time study and practical training	Years practical training	Total
Accountant (n.r./n.c./not FQC)	3			3
Accountant (r/c/FQC)	3	3		6
Advocate	5			5
Agricultural extension officer	4			4
Agricultural researcher	4			4
Architect	5		2	7
Archivist, librarian	4			4
Attorney, lawyer	4		2	6
Biological scientist	4			4
Chaplain, clergyman, minister	7			7
Chemist	4			4
Civil engineer	4			4
Computer scientist	4			4
Dentist	5½			5½
Economic adviser	4			4
Economist	4			4
Electrical engineer	4			4
Farmer	4			4
General medical practitioner	6		1	7
Geologist	4			4
Insurance agent, broker	3			3
Land surveyor	4		1	5
Legal adviser	3			3
Lecturer	5			5
Mechanical engineer	4			4
Medical specialist	6	4 to 5	2	12
Metallurgist	4			4
Pharmacist	4		1	5
Physicist	4			4
Quantity surveyor	4			7
Teacher	4		3	4
Town and regional planner	4			4
Veterinarian	5½			5½

TABLE 6.2
DURATION OF TRAINING BY FIELD OF STUDY

Field of study	Minimum years of full-time study
B.A. degree	3
B.Com. degree	3
B.Sc. degree	3
B.Hons. or higher degree in:	
Accounting	4
Afrikaans	4
Agriculture	5
Botany	4
Business economics	4
Chemistry	4
Economics	4
English	4
Geography	4
History	4
Mathematics	4
Physics	4
Psychology	4
Sociology	4
Zoology	4

TABLE 6.3

TUITION FEES (R.P.A.) BY OCCUPATION AND STUDENT'S AGE

OCCUPATION	STUDENT'S AGE										
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	28	29	30	31
ACCOUNTANT (N.R./N.C./NOT FQC)	630	630	630								
ACCOUNTANT (R/C/FQC)	630	630	630	680	30	105					
ADVOCATE	710	710	710	710		710					
AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION OFFICER	740	840	840	840							
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCHER	740	840	840	840							
ARCHITECT	740	740	740	740		740					
ARCHIVIST, LIBRARIAN	630	630	630	630							
ATTORNEY, LAWYER	710	710	710	710				40			
BIOLOGICAL SCIENTIST	740	740	740	610							
CHAPLAIN, CLERGYMAN, MINISTER	630	630	630	660	660	660	660				
CHEMIST	740	740	740	610							
CIVIL ENGINEER	830	830	830	830							
COMPUTER SCIENTIST	740	740	740	610							
DENTIST	740	1060	1060	1060	1060	600					
ECONOMIC ADVISER	630	630	630	530							
ECONOMIST	630	630	630	530							
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER	830	830	830	830							
FARMER	740	840	840	840							
GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER	740	1060	1060	1060	1060	1060					
GEOLOGIST	830	830	830	830							
INSURANCE AGENT, BROKER	630	630	630								
LAND SURVEYOR	830	830	830	830							
LECTURER	630	630	630	530	630						
LEGAL ADVISER	710	710	710								
MECHANICAL ENGINEER	830	830	830	830							
MEDICAL SPECIALIST	740	1060	1060	1060	1060	1060		480	480	30	30
METALLURGIST	740	740	740	610							
PHARMACIST	520	500	500	500							
PHYSICIST	740	740	740	610							
QUANTITY SURVEYOR	1030	1020	1020	1020							
TEACHER	630	630	630	630							
TOWN AND REGIONAL PLANNER	830	830	830	830							
VETERINARIAN	770	1110	1110	1110	1110	600					

TABLE 6.4

TUITION FEES (R.P.A.) BY FIELD OF STUDY AND STUDENT'S AGE

FIELD OF STUDY	STUDENT'S AGE				
	20	21	22	23	24
B.A.DEGREE	630	630	630		
B.COM.DEGREE	630	630	630		
B.SC.DEGREE	740	740	740		
B.HONS. OR HIGHER DEGREE IN:					
ACCOUNTING	630	630	630	680	
AFRIKAANS	630	630	630	530	
AGRICULTURE	740	840	840	840	610
BOTANY	740	740	740	610	
BUSINESS ECONOMICS	630	630	630	530	
CHEMISTRY	740	740	740	610	
ECONOMICS	630	630	630	530	
ENGLISH	630	630	630	530	
GEOGRAPHY	740	740	740	610	
HISTORY	630	630	630	530	
MATHEMATICS	740	740	740	540	
PHYSICS	740	740	740	610	
PSYCHOLOGY	630	630	630	530	
SOCIOLOGY	630	630	630	530	
ZOOLOGY	740	740	740	610	

to choose between studying further and joining the labour force.

If a person decides to study further he forfeits a certain income which he could have earned if he had started working immediately. Forfeited income during full-time study is the second component of the total investment if a person decides on further study.

For the purposes of this report it is assumed that such a person could have accepted a clerical or administrative post in the public sector. Forfeited income is therefore determined on the basis of the salary scales in the public sector that applied on 1 March 1981 for matriculated White men who have completed their military training.

Annual increases were taken into consideration in the calculation of forfeited income. In cases where persons must have postgraduate qualifications to qualify for a specific occupation or field of study, for example an advocate, forfeited income was determined on the basis of the income a person with a B. degree qualification and who has completed military training, could have earned in the public sector.

The calculated forfeited income for the specific occupations and fields of study is shown in Tables 6.5 and 6.6.

TABLE 6.5

FORFEITED INCOME (R.P.A.) DURING FULL-TIME STUDY BY OCCUPATION AND STUDENT'S AGE

OCCUPATION	STUDENT'S AGE						
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
ACCOUNTANT(N.R./N.C./NCT FCC)	4170	4620	4845				
ACCOUNTANT(R/C/FQC)	4170	4620	4845				
ADVOCATE	4170	4620	4845	5295	5745		
AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION OFFICER	4170	4620	4845	5070			
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCHER	4170	4620	4845	5070			
ARCHITECT	4170	4620	4845	5070	5295		
ARCHIVIST, LIBRARIAN	4170	4620	4845	5070			
ATTORNEY, LAWYER	4170	4620	4845	5070			
BIOLOGICAL SCIENTIST	4170	4620	4845	5295			
CHAPLAIN, CLERGYMAN, MINISTER	4170	4620	4845	5295	5745	5970	6420
CHEMIST	4170	4620	4845	5295			
CIVIL ENGINEER	4170	4620	4845	5070			
COMPUTER SCIENTIST	4170	4620	4845	5295			
DENTIST	4170	4620	4845	5070	5295	2760	
ECONOMIC ADVISER	4170	4620	4845	5295			
ECONOMIST	4170	4620	4845	5295			
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER	4170	4620	4845	5070			
FARMER	4170	4620	4845	5070			
GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER	4170	4620	4845	5070	5295	5520	
GEOLOGIST	4170	4620	4845	5070			
INSURANCE AGENT, BROKER	4170	4620	4845				
LAND SURVEYOR	4170	4620	4845	5070			
LECTURER	4170	4620	4845	5295	5745		
LEGAL ADVISER	4170	4620	4845				
MECHANICAL ENGINEER	4170	4620	4845	5070			
MEDICAL SPECIALIST	4170	4620	4845	5070	5295	5520	
METALLURGIST	4170	4620	4845	5295			
PHARMACIST	4170	4620	4845	5070			
PHYSICIST	4170	4620	4845	5295			
QUANTITY SURVEYOR	4170	4620	4845	5070			
TEACHER	4170	4620	4845	5295			
TOWN AND REGIONAL PLANNER	4170	4620	4845	5070			
VETERINARIAN	4170	4620	4845	5070	5295	2760	

TABLE 6.6

**FORFEITED INCOME (R.P.A.) DURING FULL-TIME STUDY
BY FIELD OF STUDY AND STUDENT'S AGE**

FIELD OF STUDY	STUDENT'S AGE				
	20	21	22	23	24
B.A.DEGREE	4170	4620	4845		
B.CGM.DEGREE	4170	4620	4845		
B.SC.DEGREE	4170	4620	4845		
B.HONS. OR HIGHER DEGREE IN:					
ACCOUNTING	4170	4620	4845	5295	
AFRIKAANS	4170	4620	4845	5295	
AGRICULTURE	4170	4620	4845	5070	5295
BOTANY	4170	4620	4845	5295	
BUSINESS ECONOMICS	4170	4620	4845	5295	
CHEMISTRY	4170	4620	4845	5295	
ECONOMICS	4170	4620	4845	5295	
ENGLISH	4170	4620	4845	5295	
GEOGRAPHY	4170	4620	4845	5295	
HISTORY	4170	4620	4845	5295	
MATHEMATICS	4170	4620	4845	5295	
PHYSICS	4170	4620	4845	5295	
PSYCHOLOGY	4170	4620	4845	5295	
SOCIOLOGY	4170	4620	4845	5295	
ZOOLOGY	4170	4620	4845	5295	

7 INCOME DURING PRACTICAL TRAINING

In certain occupations a period of practical training has to be followed after the completion of formal studies. The prospective occupational practitioners receive a certain income during this period. This income was determined with the aid of the 1981 wage survey, for example accountant, auditor's clerk, attorneys's clerk, et cetera. In the case of doctors and medical specialists the income was based on the salary scales for interns and clinical assistants in provincial hospitals in the Transvaal.

The income during practical training is shown in Table 7.1. Income derived from sources such as bursaries, prizes, awards, et cetera are not taken into account since such an income differs from person to person.

INCOME DURING PRACTICAL TRAINING BY OCCUPATION AND STUDENT'S AGE

OCCUPATION	STUDENT'S AGE								
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
ACCOUNTANT (R/C/FQC)	7450	7800	8450						
ARCHITECT			11440	12210					
ATTORNEY, LAWYER		3960	4380						
GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER				6200					
LAND SURVEYOR		9900							
MEDICAL SPECIALIST				6200	11550	12000	12450	12900	13560
PHARMACIST	10470								
QUANTITY SURVEYOR	11300	12140	14300						

8 INCOME FLOW

8.1 INCOME FLOW BEFORE DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX

The income for every occupation and field of study for every year of the working life from 20 to 64 years is calculated by fitting a second degree polynomial to the observed income values as shown in Tables 4.1 to 4.4 by the usual least squares method. Education costs and income during practical training are also taken into account (Tables 6.3 to 6.6 and 7.1).

In the case of some occupations and fields of study where income values in the last one or two age categories in Tables 4.1 to 4.4 were not available, the last income value of the specific occupation or field of study indicated, was used in the empty cells. In cases where the calculated income (income flow) for the first few years was lower than the income of persons working in the public sector, and an observed income value in the first age category (Tables 4.1 to 4.4) was not available, the salary scales in the public sector for graduates were used.

The second degree polynomial is used because it best describes the normal income age distribution for data obtained at a point in time. Incomes usually show a rise until approximately the age of 45 to 50 years, followed by a decline.

The calculated income flows of the occupations and fields of study are shown in Tables 8.1 to 8.4.

8.2 INCOME FLOW AFTER DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX

Because of the progressive nature of the income tax scales in the RSA, income tax is an important factor in the calculation of the profitability of occupations and fields of study.

For the sake of uniformity the following assumptions are made: The man is considered to be the only breadwinner of the family, he marries when he is 26, his first child is born when he is 28 and the second when he is 30 years old. For tax rebate purposes every child is considered to be dependent until he is 23 years of age.

TABLE 8.1

CALCULATED INCOME FLGS (R.P.A.) BEFORE DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX OF EMPLOYEES BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

TABLE 8.1 (CONTINUED)

CALCULATED INCOME FLOW (R.P.A.) BEFORE DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX OF EMPLOYEES BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

A G E	INSURANCE												T C W N A R D R E G I O N A L V E T E R A N												
	G E O L O G I S T	S U R V E Y O R	L A N D M A R K	L E G A L	M E C H A N I C A L	N E C H A N I C A L	M E T A L L U R G I C I S T	P H Y S I C I S T	C U A N T I T Y S U R V E Y E R	T E A C H E R	P L A N N E R	V E T E R A N													
20	-5000	-4800	-5000	-4800	-4800	-5000	-4910	-4910	-4690	-4910	-5200	-4800	-5000	-4940											
21	-5450	-5250	-5450	-5330	-5250	-5450	-5680	-5360	-5120	-5360	-5640	-5250	-5450	-5730											
22	-5675	-5475	-5675	-5555	-5475	-5675	-5905	-5585	-5345	-5585	-5865	-5475	-5675	-5955											
23	-5900	10368	-5900	7129	-5825	-5900	-6130	-5905	-5570	-5905	-6090	-5925	-5900	-6180											
24	10913	11581	9900	8341	-6375	12350	-6355	6446	10470	8922	11300	7737	9400	-6405											
25	11909	12773	10736	9513	9406	13380	-6580	7067	10982	9670	12140	8191	10176	2247											
26	12866	13943	11542	10647	10212	14372	620C	7683	11476	10398	14300	8628	10928	11943											
27	13783	15091	12318	11741	10993	15325	1155C	8295	11948	11106	14766	9048	11656	12644											
28	14659	16217	13064	12797	11748	16239	11520	8902	12399	11794	15335	9451	12360	13319											
29	15495	17321	13780	13813	12477	17115	1197C	9505	12828	12461	15882	9836	13040	13965											
30	16292	18403	14466	14791	13181	17953	1287C	10103	13236	13109	16407	1C204	13696	14584											
31	17048	19463	15122	15729	13858	18752	13530	10697	13623	13736	16910	10555	14328	15175											
32	17763	20502	15748	16629	14510	19513	27699	11286	13988	14343	17391	10889	14935	15738											
33	18439	21518	16344	17490	15137	20235	28034	1187C	14331	14930	17850	11206	15519	16273											
34	19075	22512	16911	18311	15737	20919	28350	12450	14653	14596	18287	11505	16078	16781											
35	19670	23485	17447	19094	16312	21564	28648	13026	14954	16043	18702	11787	16613	17261											
36	20225	24435	17954	19838	16862	22171	28928	13597	15233	16569	19094	12052	17124	17713											
37	20741	25364	18430	20543	17385	22739	29189	14164	15490	17075	19465	12300	17611	18138											
38	21216	26270	18877	21209	17883	23265	29432	14725	15726	17561	19813	12530	18074	18535											
39	21651	27155	19294	21835	18355	23761	29657	15283	15941	18027	20140	12743	18513	18904											
40	22045	28018	19681	22423	19802	24214	29864	15836	16134	18473	20444	12939	18927	19246											
41	22400	28858	20038	22972	19222	24628	30052	16384	16305	18898	26727	13118	19318	19559											
42	22714	29677	20365	23482	19617	25004	30222	16928	16455	19303	20987	13279	15684	19845											
43	22989	30474	20662	23953	19987	25342	30374	17467	16584	19688	21226	13424	20026	20104											
44	23223	31249	20929	24385	20330	25641	30508	18C02	16691	20053	21442	13551	20345	20334											
45	23417	32002	21166	24778	20648	25902	30624	18533	16777	20398	21636	13661	20639	20537											
46	23571	32733	21374	25133	20941	26124	30721	19058	16841	20723	21808	13754	20908	20712											
47	23685	33442	21551	25448	21207	26308	30800	15579	16883	21027	21958	13829	21154	20859											
48	23758	34130	21699	25724	21448	26454	30860	20096	16904	21312	22086	13887	21376	20979											
49	23792	34795	21816	25961	21663	26561	309C3	2C608	16904	21576	22192	13928	21574	21071											
50	23785	35438	21904	26159	21852	26629	30927	21116	16882	2182C	22276	13952	21747	21135											
51	23739	36059	21962	26319	22016	26659	30933	21619	16839	22044	22338	13559	21896	21172											
52	23652	36659	21990	26439	22154	26651	30921	22118	16774	22247	22378	13948	22022	21180											
53	23525	37236	21988	26520	22266	26604	3089C	22612	16688	22431	22395	13920	22123	21161											
54	23357	37792	21956	26563	22353	26518	30842	23101	16580	22594	22391	13875	22200	21115											
55	23150	38326	21894	26566	22414	26394	30775	23586	16450	22737	22365	13813	22253	21040											
56	22903	38837	21802	26531	22449	26232	30689	24067	1630C	22860	22316	13733	22281	20938											
57	22615	39327	21680	26456	22459	26031	30566	24543	16127	22963	22246	13636	22286	20808											
58	22287	39795	21529	26342	22442	25792	30464	25014	15933	23045	22153	13523	22267	20651											
59	21920	40241	21347	26190	22400	25515	30324	25481	15718	23108	22039	13391	22223	20465											
60	21512	40665	21136	25999	22333	25199	30166	25944	15481	23150	21902	13243	22155	20252											
61	21063	41067	20894	25768	22239	24844	29989	26401	15223	23172	21743	13C77	22064	20011											
62	20575	41447	20623	25499	22120	24451	29794	26855	14943	23174	21563	12895	21948	19743											
63	20047	41805	20322	25191	21976	24019	29581	27304	14642	23156	21360	12694	21808	19447											
64	19478	42141	19991	24843	21805	23550	29350	27748	14319	23117	21135	12477	21643	19123											

TABLE 8.2

CALCULATED INCOME FLOW (R.P.A.) BEFORE DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

		A	C	C	C	U	A	T	T	G	C		G		G	E	M	E	V	
		A	N	T	A	R	A	R	R	E	I		P		P	S	O	S	E	
		G	T	A	T	D	C	H	I	N	E		R		R	H	A	R	E	
		E	T	I	E	/	F	C	T	Y	E		A		T	M	Y	C	A	
20	-4800	-4880	-4910	-4880	-5000	-4910	-4910	-4910	-4910	-5000	-4910	-4690	-5200	-4940						
21	-5250	-5330	-5360	-5330	-5450	-5680	-5460	-5680	-5680	-5450	-5680	-5120	-5640	-5730						
22	-5475	-5555	-5585	-5555	-5675	-5905	-5685	-5905	-5675	-5905	-5905	-5345	-5865	-5955						
23	6770	-6005	-5810	-5780	-5900	-6130	-5910	-6130	-5900	-6130	-6130	-5570	-6690	-6180						
24	7770	-6455	-6035	-3960	-22800	-6355	-9982	-6355	-9900	-6355	-10470	11300	-6405							
25	8345	5970	11440	4340	23742	10112	10912	-6580	21095	-6580	21149	12140	5720							
26	19318	8581	12210	16524	24644	27053	11807	6200	21109	6200	21471	14300	18762							
27	20563	11912	16167	18194	25508	27153	12668	29462	21122	11550	21774	15469	19350							
28	21758	15078	17311	19787	26334	27245	13494	30010	21132	11520	22056	20102	19922							
29	22904	18078	18402	21303	27120	27327	14286	30520	21141	11970	22320	20722	20478							
30	24000	20914	19439	22741	27868	27400	15043	30994	21148	12870	22563	21327	21019							
31	25047	23584	20423	24103	28577	27464	15766	31431	21154	13530	22786	21519	21545							
32	26044	26088	21353	25387	29248	27519	16454	31830	21158	62754	22990	22497	22055							
33	26991	29428	22230	26594	29879	27565	17108	32193	21160	43353	23174	23061	22550							
34	27890	30602	23054	27724	30473	27601	17727	32519	21161	43891	23338	23611	23029							
35	28738	32611	23824	28777	31027	27629	18311	32808	21159	44368	23483	24147	23452							
36	29537	34455	24541	29753	31542	27647	18862	33060	21157	44785	23608	24669	23941							
37	30287	36133	25204	30651	32019	27656	19377	33275	21152	45141	23712	25178	24373							
38	30987	37646	25814	31473	32457	27656	19858	33453	21164	45437	23798	25672	24791							
39	31637	38994	26371	32217	32857	27647	20305	33594	21138	45671	23863	26153	25192							
40	32238	40177	26875	32884	33218	27629	20717	33698	21128	45845	23909	26620	25579							
41	32790	41194	27325	33474	33540	27601	21095	33765	21117	45958	23934	27073	25590							
42	33291	42047	27721	33987	33823	27565	21438	33795	21104	46011	23940	27512	26305							
43	33744	42734	28064	34423	34068	27519	21746	33789	21086	46003	23927	27938	26645							
44	34147	43255	28354	34781	34273	27464	22020	33745	21073	45934	23893	28349	26969							
45	34500	43612	28591	35063	34441	27400	22260	33664	21055	45804	23840	28747	27278							
46	34804	43803	28774	35267	34569	27327	22465	33547	21035	45614	23767	29131	27572							
47	35058	43825	28903	35394	34659	27245	22635	33392	21013	45363	23674	29501	27850							
48	35263	43690	28980	35444	34710	27153	22771	33201	20990	45051	23562	29857	28112							
49	35418	43385	29003	35417	34722	27053	22873	32973	20965	44678	23429	30199	28359							
50	35524	42916	28972	35313	34696	26943	22939	32707	20939	44245	23277	30527	28591							
51	35580	42281	28888	35131	34631	26824	22972	32405	20911	43751	23105	30842	28807							
52	35587	41480	28751	34873	34527	26696	22970	32066	20881	43197	22914	31142	29007							
53	35544	40515	28561	34537	34384	26559	22933	31690	20849	42581	22702	31429	29192							
54	35451	39384	28317	34124	34203	26413	22862	31277	20816	41905	22471	31702	29362							
55	35310	38088	28019	33634	33983	26257	22756	30827	20781	41168	22220	31561	29516							
56	35118	36627	27668	33067	33724	26093	22616	30340	20744	40371	21946	32206	29655							
57	34877	35000	27264	32423	33427	25919	22442	29816	20766	39513	21659	32438	29778							
58	34587	33209	26807	31701	33091	25736	22232	29255	20666	38594	21348	32655	29886							
59	34247	31252	26296	30903	32716	25544	21989	28657	20624	37614	21018	32856	29978							
60	33857	29129	25732	30027	32302	25343	21711	28023	20581	36574	20669	33049	30055							
61	33418	26842	25114	29074	31850	25133	21398	27351	20535	35473	20299	33225	30116							
62	32930	24339	24443	29044	31359	24913	21051	26642	20489	34311	19910	33387	30162							
63	32391	21771	23719	25937	30829	24685	20669	25897	20440	33088	19500	33535	30192							
64	31804	18988	22941	25753	30261	24447	20253	25114	20390	31805	19072	33669	30207							

TABLE 8.3

CALCULATED INCOME FLOW (R.P.A) BEFORE DEDUCTION OF
INCOME TAX OF EMPLOYEES WITH A B.DEGREE AS HIGHEST
QUALIFICATION BY FIELD OF STUDY AND AGE

		E	B
		B	C
		A	M
		D	E
A	E	E	E
G	R	G	R
E	E	E	E
20	-4800	-4800	-4910
21	-5250	-5250	-5360
22	-5475	-5475	-5585
23	6049	7844	7252
24	6940	8885	8272
25	7798	9889	9257
26	8622	10855	10207
27	9414	11784	11121
28	10171	12675	12000
29	10896	13529	12844
30	11587	14346	13653
31	12244	15125	14426
32	12869	15866	15165
33	13460	16570	15868
34	14017	17237	16536
35	14541	17866	17168
36	15032	18458	17766
37	15490	19012	18328
38	15914	19529	18855
39	16305	20009	19347
40	16662	20451	19803
41	16986	20855	20224
42	17277	21222	20610
43	17534	21552	20961
44	17758	21844	21277
45	17949	22059	21557
46	18106	22317	21802
47	18230	22497	22012
48	18321	22639	22187
49	18378	22744	22326
50	18402	22812	22430
51	18392	22842	22499
52	18350	22835	22533
53	18273	22790	22532
54	18164	22708	22495
55	18021	22589	22423
56	17845	22432	22316
57	17635	22238	22173
58	17392	22006	21996
59	17116	21736	21783
60	16806	21430	21535
61	16463	21086	21252
62	16086	20704	20933
63	15676	20285	20579
64	15233	19829	20190

TABLE 8.4

CALCULATED INCOME FLOW (R.P.A.) BEFORE DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX OF EMPLOYEES WITH A B.HONS. OR HIGHER DEGREE BY FIELD OF STUDY AND AGE

A G E	A C C O U N T I A N K R G	A F I R U L T U A R E	G R I C U O D O I M A S I T A N C R Y	S E C O N M I S H I C S H	S E C H A G G L I P C S H	B U S I N E S S	H E G R I P O Y	M A T H E M A T T S H R C S	P S Y C H O L I O C G Y	S O C I G L C G Y	Z		
20	-4800	-4800	-4910	-4910	-4800	-4910	-4800	-4800	-4910	-4800	-4910	-4800	-4910
21	-5250	-5250	-5460	-5360	-5250	-5360	-5250	-5360	-5250	-5360	-5250	-5250	-5360
22	-5475	-5475	-5685	-5585	-5475	-5585	-5475	-5585	-5475	-5585	-5475	-5475	-5585
23	-5975	-5825	-5910	-5905	-5825	-5905	-5825	-5905	-5825	-5905	-5825	-5825	-5905
24	13528	7503	-5905	5970	9658	9495	7082	5977	5970	7816	8562	9902	8707
25	14395	8258	12014	6679	10550	10336	8410	6916	6687	8467	9444	10684	9629
26	15227	8990	12272	7473	11418	11153	5689	7822	7528	9095	10301	11446	10514
27	16023	9697	12531	8242	12262	11598	10921	8694	8338	9702	11132	12188	11363
28	16783	10380	12790	8984	13082	12718	12105	9533	9116	10285	11937	12908	12175
29	17508	11039	13051	9701	13877	13465	13241	10335	9862	10846	12716	13608	12952
30	18198	11674	13312	10391	14649	14189	14329	11110	10576	11385	13470	14288	13691
31	18852	12285	13574	11055	15396	14889	15369	11848	11258	11901	14198	14947	14354
32	19470	12872	13837	11653	16119	15566	16362	12553	11909	12395	14900	15585	15061
33	20053	13435	14101	12305	16818	16219	17306	13224	12527	12866	15576	16203	15691
34	20601	13973	14365	12891	17492	16849	18203	13862	13114	13314	16227	16800	16285
35	21112	14488	14631	13451	18142	17455	19051	14666	13669	13740	16851	17377	16843
36	21589	14978	14897	13985	18768	18038	19852	15036	14191	14144	17450	17933	17364
37	22030	15444	15164	14493	19370	18597	20605	15573	14682	14525	18024	18468	17848
38	22435	15887	15432	14974	19548	19133	21310	16077	15142	14883	18571	18983	18296
39	22805	16305	15700	15430	20501	19646	21967	16546	15569	15219	19093	19478	18708
40	23140	16699	15970	15859	21031	20134	22576	16983	15964	15532	19589	19591	19083
41	23438	17069	16240	16263	21536	20600	23137	17385	16328	15823	20059	20405	19422
42	23702	17414	16511	16640	22017	21042	23650	17755	16660	16092	20503	20837	19724
43	23930	17736	16782	16991	22473	21460	24116	18090	16960	16337	20922	21249	19990
44	24122	18033	17055	17316	22906	21855	24533	18392	17228	16561	21315	21641	20220
45	24279	18307	17328	17615	23314	22226	24903	18661	17464	16762	21682	2212	20413
46	24400	18556	17603	17888	23698	22574	25225	18896	17668	16940	22023	22362	20569
47	24486	18781	17878	18135	24058	22899	25455	19097	17840	17096	22339	22692	20689
48	24536	18983	18153	18356	24933	23200	25725	19265	17981	17229	22629	23001	20773
49	24551	19160	18430	18551	24704	23477	25903	19400	18090	17340	22893	23289	20820
50	24530	19312	18707	18719	24992	23731	26033	19501	18166	17428	23131	23557	20831
51	24474	19441	18986	18862	25255	23962	26115	19568	18211	17494	23344	23805	20806
52	24363	19546	19265	18978	25493	24169	26150	19602	18224	17537	23531	24032	20743
53	24255	19627	19544	19069	25708	24352	26136	19602	18206	17557	23692	24238	20645
54	24093	19683	19825	19133	25898	24512	26075	19568	18155	17555	23827	24424	20510
55	23894	17515	20107	19172	26064	24649	25966	19501	18072	17531	23936	24589	20339
56	23661	19724	20389	19184	26206	24762	25808	19401	17958	17484	24020	24733	20131
57	23391	19708	20672	19170	26324	24851	25603	19267	17812	17415	24078	24657	19886
58	23087	19668	20956	19130	26417	24917	25350	19099	17633	17323	24110	24961	19606
59	22746	19604	21240	19064	26487	24960	25049	18898	17423	17208	24117	25043	19288
60	22371	19516	21526	18972	26532	24979	24701	18664	17182	17071	24097	25106	18935
61	21959	19404	21812	18853	26552	24975	24304	18395	16908	16912	24052	25147	18545
62	21513	19267	22099	18709	26549	24947	23859	18094	16602	16730	23981	25168	18118
63	21030	19107	22387	18539	26522	24896	23367	17758	16265	16525	23085	25169	17655
64	20512	18922	22676	18342	26470	24821	22827	17390	15895	16298	23762	25149	17156

The appropriate tax, calculated on the PAYE basis as at 1 March 1981, is deducted from the income for every year of the working life and Tables 8.5 to 8.8 show the result of this calculation.

9 PROFITABILITY IN 1981

The calculated income flows as shown in Tables 8.5 to 8.8 are discounted at different rates of interest by using the formula indicated in Paragraph 5.

The cash value of the expected income flows discounted at rates of interest of 0 % to 16 % is shown in Tables 9.1 to 9.4 for the occupations and fields of study.

The discount rate of 0 % is used in the comparison of profitability because it is the total income a person can expect to earn during his working life.

To disregard relatively small differences in cash value in determining the rank order of profitability, the discounted incomes for occupations and fields of study were approximated to the nearest R5 000.

9.1 OCCUPATIONS

According to Table 9.5 the insurance agent/broker is the most profitable occupation practised by graduate employees. The medical specialist is second and the economic adviser third. The difference between the cash value of the insurance agent/broker and the medical specialist is relatively large. The insurance agent/broker earns significantly more than the medical specialist. A possible explanation for the position of the insurance agent/broker is the fact that part of his income is obtained on a commission basis. The income of the insurance agent/broker can in a sense be compared with the income of self-employed persons because he can to a large extent determine the size of his income, which is not normally the case with employees.

Of the 31 occupations practised by employees, the graduate teacher

TABLE 8.5

CALCULATED INCOME FLOW (R.P.A.) AFTER DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX OF EMPLOYEES BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

TABLE 8.5 (CONTINUED)

CALCULATED INCOME FLOW (R.P.A.) AFTER DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX OF EMPLOYEES BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

TABLE 8-6

CALCULATED INCOME FLow (R.P.A.) AFTER DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

	A	C	C	G	A	A	T	T	O	R	N	V	I	C	P	G	E	N	E	D	F	P	L	S	M	C	Q	V
	A	C	C	G	A	A	T	T	O	R	N	V	I	C	P	G	E	N	E	D	F	P	L	S	M	C	Q	V
20	-4544	-4624	-4654	-4624	-4744	-4654	-4654	-4654	-4654	-4654	-4654	-4654	-4654	-4654	-4434	-4544	-4664											
21	-4950	-5030	-5060	-5030	-5150	-5380	-5160	-5380	-5150	-5380	-5150	-5380	-5150	-5380	-4820	-5340	-5430											
22	-5156	-5236	-5266	-5236	-5356	-5586	-5366	-5586	-5356	-5356	-5586	-5356	-5586	-5356	-5026	-5546	-5636											
23	6157	-5643	-5467	-5437	-5557	-5787	-5567	-5787	-5557	-5557	-5787	-5557	-5787	-5557	-5227	-5747	-5837											
24	7107	-6050	-5673	3723	17450	5953	8931	5993	8868	5993	8931	5993	8931	5993	5962	5962	6043											
25	7579	5541	10066	4064	17981	8900	9657	6194	16457	6194	16457	6194	16457	6194	16491	10596	5250											
26	16114	8001	10981	14187	19587	21043	10662	5903	17307	5903	17307	5903	17307	5903	17550	12589	15734											
27	16948	10747	13935	15358	20109	21103	11340	22463	17320	10465	17751	16217	16217	16217	16146													
28	17835	13257	14834	16539	20724	21275	12080	22879	17430	10445	18029	16740	16740	16740	16626													
29	18571	15374	15586	17533	21190	21317	12675	23169	17439	10797	18203	17156	17156	17156	16997													
30	19389	17380	16403	18580	21738	21470	13336	23545	17546	11698	18456	17657	17657	17657	17451													
31	20038	19117	17059	19436	22156	21494	13849	23784	17535	12192	18607	18045	18045	18045	17807													
32	20654	20678	17666	20245	22554	21529	14332	24067	17539	29689	18739	18426	18426	18426	18128													
33	21221	22070	18249	20984	22912	21555	14791	24213	17541	29988	18851	18774	18774	18774	18461													
34	21760	23307	18767	21654	23244	21571	15230	24378	17542	30257	18961	19126	19126	19126	18760													
35	22254	24424	19267	22272	23556	21595	15627	24525	17540	30496	19502	19480	19480	19480	19061													
36	22717	25412	19722	22828	23851	21617	16002	24666	17538	30704	19123	19753	19753	19753	19348													
37	23146	26313	20119	23334	24108	21606	16357	24789	17533	30882	19191	20112	19611	19611	19611													
38	23538	27106	20501	23804	24339	21606	16678	24875	17544	31030	19259	20416	19877	19877														
39	23902	27796	20841	24214	24555	21617	16975	24970	17536	31147	19288	20703	20126	20126														
40	24235	28400	21145	24582	24755	21599	17251	25028	17526	31234	19316	20990	20361	20361														
41	24534	28909	21415	24896	24939	21571	17510	25049	17515	31291	19341	21263	20599	20599														
42	24805	29335	21651	25179	25084	21555	17734	25079	17502	31317	19347	21522	20755	20755														
43	25051	29679	21853	25403	25213	21529	17940	25073	17504	31313	19334	21788	21015	21015														
44	25268	29939	22017	25597	25324	21494	18111	25052	17488	31279	19318	22033	21199	21199														
45	25457	30118	22170	25738	25421	21470	18261	24994	17470	31214	19283	22263	21388	21388														
46	25596	30213	22269	25848	25479	21417	18394	24946	17467	31119	19228	22479	21562	21562														
47	25733	30226	22335	25928	25522	21375	18510	24860	17445	30993	19171	22681	21740	21740														
48	25844	30157	22391	25954	25549	21303	18592	24738	17439	30837	19095	22890	21880	21880														
49	25928	30004	22393	25927	25561	21243	18658	24625	17414	30651	19016	23102	22022	22022														
50	25987	29770	22383	25870	25559	21193	18706	24474	17405	30434	18918	22276	22170	22170														
51	25920	29352	22241	25682	25417	21014	18621	24210	17277	30087	18700	23359	22181	22181														
52	25927	28952	22146	25542	25360	20946	18619	24032	17264	29810	18581	23527	22297	22297														
53	25807	28369	21940	25270	25188	20749	18500	23733	17149	29402	18341	23582	22319	22319														
54	25738	27790	21801	25045	25077	20663	18447	23496	17116	29064	18200	22723	22405	22405														
55	25667	27131	21629	24787	24975	20567	18377	23244	17098	28696	18039	23872	22496	22496														
56	25569	26367	21418	24473	24831	20483	18291	22977	17078	28297	17875	24003	22572	22572														
57	25446	25522	21174	24128	24672	20368	18189	22670	17040	27846	17670	24143	22653	22653														
58	25297	24546	20897	23722	24497	20261	18051	22340	17017	27392	17478	24245	22719	22719														
59	25121	23471	20606	23276	24283	20145	17898	21994	16992	26874	17250	24357	22769	22769														
60	24895	22277	20257	22796	24053	20020	17705	21633	16966	26338	17020	24478	22802	22802														
61	24783	21052	19987	22363	23547	20006	17631	21341	17057	25880	16906	24682	22961	22961														
62	24525	19547	19582	21774	23654	19862	17386	20932	17028	25258	16634	24775	22985	22985														
63	24239	17868	19118	21107	23366	19729	17140	20485	16996	24614	16368	24854	23015	23015														
64	23901	16016	18628	20379	23040	19586	16860	19987	16963	23902	16068	24919	23006	23006														

TABLE 8.7

CALCULATED INCOME FLOW (R.P.A.) AFTER DEDUCTION OF INCOME
 TAX OF EMPLOYEES WITH A B-DEGREE AS HIGHEST
 QUALIFICATION BY FIELD OF STUDY AND AGE

		B	E	
		B	C	S
		A	M	C
		D	D	C
A		E	E	E
G		G	G	G
E		E	E	E
	20	-4544	-4544	-4654
	21	-4950	-4950	-5060
	22	-5156	-5156	-5266
	23	5615	7174	6661
	24	6398	8043	7531
	25	7135	8857	8341
	26	8035	9898	9367
	27	8706	10649	10116
	28	9440	11447	10925
	29	10039	12103	11583
	30	10692	12822	12291
	31	11215	13390	12876
	32	11697	13921	13416
	33	12146	14418	13923
	34	12571	14890	14399
	35	12965	15324	14836
	36	13325	15726	15254
	37	13657	16104	15644
	38	13955	16461	15995
	39	14228	16781	16343
	40	14480	17070	16639
	41	14714	17338	16928
	42	14915	17586	17178
	43	15097	17797	17410
	44	15246	18004	17624
	45	15392	18172	17802
	46	15486	18300	17962
	47	15578	18426	18103
	48	15637	18514	18224
	49	15678	18583	18309
	50	15686	18615	18377
	51	15592	18545	18328
	52	15566	18538	18344
	53	15405	18411	18243
	54	15328	18347	18224
	55	15233	18282	18170
	56	15118	18179	18099
	57	14968	18057	18010
	58	14800	17897	17905
	59	14599	17730	17760
	60	14379	17526	17597
	61	14261	17421	17519
	62	14004	17158	17319
	63	13707	16892	17084
	64	13390	16585	16831

TABLE 8.8

CALCULATED INCOME FLOW (R.P.A.) AFTER DEDUCTION OF INCOME TAX OF EMPLOYEES WITH A B.HCNS. OR HIGHER DEGREE BY FIELD OF STUDY AND AGE

TABLE 5.1

CASH VALUE OF THE EXPECTED INCOME (RAND) OF EMPLOYEES BY OCCUPATION AND VARIOUS DISCOUNT RATES

OCCUPATION	DISCOUNT RATES									
	0 %	2 %	4 %	6 %	8 %	10 %	12 %	14 %	16 %	
ACCOUNTANT (N.R./N.C./NOT FQC)	618277	382332	250042	171879	123282	91582	69978	54671	43450	
ACCOUNTANT (R/C/FQC)	746840	463803	303556	208102	148401	109325	82673	63821	50056	
AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION OFFICER	520539	311414	196064	129097	88221	62060	44574	32426	23697	
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCHER	510304	307416	194743	128898	88464	62448	44981	32802	24027	
ARCHITECT	607196	365939	231039	151808	103023	71632	50614	36036	25614	
ARCHIVIST, LIBRARIAN	491890	291699	181068	116930	77974	53248	36906	25706	17779	
ATTORNEY, LAWYER	597718	356172	221689	143270	95458	65065	44991	31271	21606	
BIOLOGICAL SCIENTIST	533786	318402	199448	130399	88325	61485	43628	31293	22487	
CHAPLAIN, CLERGYMAN, MINISTER	385442	217312	125597	73316	42251	23080	10849	2823	-2563	
CHEMIST	614890	372750	237809	158702	109991	78577	57445	42688	32040	
CIVIL ENGINEER	685833	416783	266531	178298	123901	88794	65171	48674	36774	
COMPUTER SCIENTIST	630809	383506	245292	164055	113921	81533	59718	44469	33460	
DENTIST	755144	461687	295736	197173	135836	95984	69068	50261	36730	
ECONOMIC ADVISER	760891	468135	303472	206026	145457	106042	79300	60474	46787	
ECONOMIST	700061	421376	267246	177577	122767	87659	64184	47875	36158	
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER	706536	434806	281810	191166	134761	98013	73055	55468	42672	
GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER	755310	448393	277948	178674	118157	79676	54257	36896	24694	
GEOLOGIST	671742	410472	263753	177142	123489	88719	65241	48800	36914	
INSURANCE AGENT, BROKER	910452	546218	346779	231879	162269	118012	88582	68200	53570	
LAND SURVEYOR	628054	380692	242689	161733	111876	79733	58129	43059	32200	
LECTURER	605053	358368	222250	143395	95507	65106	45011	31242	21508	
LEGAL ADVISER	714078	431806	275399	184295	128571	92869	68996	52405	40476	
MECHANICAL ENGINEER	738836	450692	289477	194614	136002	98090	72521	54625	41686	
MEDICAL SPECIALIST	784560	461243	282347	178688	115933	76375	50521	33078	20986	
METALLURGIST	588414	341731	208481	132887	87864	59765	41447	29023	20298	
PHARMACIST	526403	323984	209743	141889	99560	71918	53106	39827	30154	
PHYSICIST	621177	371511	233783	153894	105223	74161	53471	39155	28911	
QUANTITY SURVEYOR	655792	400432	257482	173248	121087	87252	64357	48277	36611	
TEACHER	437908	265705	169175	112267	77044	54231	38833	28055	20268	
TOWN AND REGIONAL PLANNER	622281	374444	237028	156907	107849	76390	55346	40726	30230	
VETERINARIAN	592347	353003	219800	141987	94368	63940	43722	29819	19970	

TABLE 9.2

CASH VALUE OF THE EXPECTED INCOME (RAND) OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS BY OCCUPATION AND VARIOUS DISCOUNT RATES

DISCOUNT RATES

OCCUPATION	0 %	2 %	4 %	6 %	8 %	10 %	12 %	14 %	16 %
ACCOUNTANT(R/C/FQC)	925553	566985	366410	248388	175452	128254	96400	74082	57925
ADVOCATE	924950	557323	350054	227943	152928	105014	73307	51649	36438
ARCHITECT	761322	460127	291426	192246	131161	91875	65596	47396	34405
ATTORNEY,LAWYER	879694	534712	341019	226890	156451	111055	80626	59504	44388
CIVIL ENGINEER	950013	591045	388222	267498	191945	142399	108505	84438	66790
DENTIST	802050	496934	323673	220060	154975	112205	82950	62228	47108
FARMER	649157	393966	251425	167727	116143	82874	60509	44908	33670
GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER	871568	532337	340113	225754	154520	108244	77036	55295	39723
LAND SURVEYOR	680624	426211	281614	194898	140157	103927	78915	61003	47767
MEDICAL SPECIALIST	997241	592359	366067	233842	153284	102287	68878	46324	30658
PHARMACIST	723853	455207	301701	209272	150773	112009	85244	66089	51954
QUANTITY SURVEYOR	837021	506338	323023	216038	150392	108167	79810	60025	45755
VETERINARIAN	783666	470493	296667	195204	133027	93155	66512	48052	34856

TABLE 9.3

CASH VALUE OF THE EXPECTED INCOME (RAND) OF EMPLOYEES WITH A B-DEGREE AS HIGHEST QUALIFICATION BY FIELD OF STUDY AND VARIOUS DISCOUNT RATES

FIELD OF STUDY	DISCOUNT RATES									
	0 %	2 %	4 %	6 %	8 %	10 %	12 %	14 %	16 %	
B.A.DEGREE	541428	330291	212118	142598	99675	71939	53252	40183	30736	
B.COM.DEGREE	651331	398316	256918	173816	122523	89365	67001	51333	39983	
B.SC.DEGREE	638510	388574	249337	167774	117600	85271	63536	48354	37387	

TABLE 9.4

CASH VALUE OF THE EXPECTED INCOME (RAND) OF EMPLOYEES WITH A B.HONS. OR HIGHER DEGREE BY FIELD OF STUDY AND VARIOUS DISCOUNT RATES

FIELD OF STUDY	DISCOUNT RATES									
	0 %	2 %	4 %	6 %	8 %	10 %	12 %	14 %	16 %	
ACCOUNTING	706116	434910	282115	191542	135157	98412	73451	55860	43061	
AFRIKAANS	556649	333128	209400	137427	93487	65411	46706	33765	24526	
AGRICULTURE	563771	334917	208554	135988	91564	63220	44349	31303	21986	
BOTANY	529988	314131	195150	126296	84515	57998	40462	28428	19899	
BUSINESS ECONOMICS	690942	413625	260723	172085	118117	83693	60777	44924	33584	
CHEMISTRY	664190	397932	250945	165624	113610	80392	58254	42926	31952	
ECONOMICS	688937	412515	259280	170119	115744	81078	58060	42206	30932	
ENGLISH	546975	326387	204121	132988	89612	61964	43611	30579	22002	
GEOGRAPHY	516309	308252	192754	125455	84358	58129	40698	28690	20150	
HISTORY	517877	311992	197395	130342	89160	62690	44953	32621	23765	
MATHEMATICS	644791	385357	242214	159203	108666	76448	55021	40221	29652	
PHYSICS	664183	398158	251341	166122	114155	80950	58802	43452	32449	
PSYCHOLOGY	595901	361964	230927	153807	106200	75466	54799	40389	30017	
SOCIOLOGY	538023	326265	207308	137171	93847	65896	47134	34086	24733	
ZOOLOGY	545187	321990	199102	128132	85196	58051	40180	27977	19373	

TABLE 9.5

RANK ORDER OF PROFITABILITY OF OCCUPATIONS PRACTISED BY EMPLOYEES
BY CASH VALUE DISCOUNTED AT 0 % PER ANNUM

RANK ORDER	OCCUPATION	CASH VALUE (RAND)
1	INSURANCE AGENT, BROKER	910000
2	MEDICAL SPECIALIST	785000
3	ECONOMIC ADVISER	760000
4	GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER	755000
4	DENTIST	755000
5	ACCOUNTANT(R/C/FQC)	745000
6	MECHANICAL ENGINEER	740000
7	LEGAL ADVISER	715000
8	ELECTRICAL ENGINEER	705000
9	ECONOMIST	700000
10	CIVIL ENGINEER	685000
11	GEOLLOGIST	670000
12	QUANTITY SURVEYOR	655000
13	COMPUTER SCIENTIST	630000
13	LAND SURVEYOR	630000
14	TOWN AND REGIONAL PLANNER	620000
14	PHYSICIST	620000
14	ACCOUNTANT(N.R./N.C./NCT FQC)	620000
15	CHEMIST	615000
16	ARCHITECT	605000
16	LECTURER	605000
17	ATTORNEY, LAWYER	600000
18	VETERINARIAN	590000
18	METALLURGIST	590000
19	BIOLOGICAL SCIENTIST	535000
20	PHARMACIST	525000
21	AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION OFFICER	520000
22	AGRICULTURAL RESEARCHER	510000
23	ARCHIVIST, LIBRARIAN	490000
24	TEACHER	440000
25	CHAPLAIN, CLERGYMAN, MINISTER	385000

and the chaplain occupy the lowest positions. Since this survey took place at 1 March 1981, the improved position of the teacher after the salary increase on 1 April 1981 is not reflected in the position of the teacher in Table 9.5.

The occupations practised by self-employed persons are arranged in order of profitability in Table 9.6. The medical specialist in own practice earns most, followed by the civil engineer. The chartered, registered accountant and advocate are third in the rank order. Of the 13 occupations, the farmer occupies the lowest position.

To place the differences in cash values somewhat in perspective, it should be mentioned that a difference of R10 000 in Table 9.5 would mean a difference of about R20 per month in salary over the working life.

It is interesting to note that the professions (doctors, lawyers, etc.) are mostly to be found among the top half of the rank order. It should also be remembered that people reaching managerial ranks are excluded from the calculations and this will influence the discounted income of an occupation.

9.2 FIELDS OF STUDY

A B.Com. degree appears to be the most profitable of the three degrees B.A., B.Com., and B.Sc. for employees not studying further than a B. degree (Table 9.7). There is only a small difference between the B.Sc. and B.Com. fields.

According to Table 9.8, accounting is the most profitable field of study followed by business economics and economics. Geography occupies the lowest position in the rank order.

The profitability of fields of study was calculated irrespective of the occupation practised by the persons. The effect of leaving managerial occupations out of the analyses can, to an extent, be estimated by comparing the information in Table 9.8 with the information in Table 9.5. Agriculture shows a cash value of R565 000 against the R520 000 for the agricultural extension officer. The difference for chemist and chemistry is even more pronounced, namely R615 000 and R665 000.

TABLE 9.6

RANK ORDER OF PROFITABILITY OF OCCUPATIONS PRACTISED BY SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS
BY CASH VALUE DISCOUNTED AT 0 % PER ANNUM

RANK ORDER	OCCUPATION	CASH VALUE (RAND)
1	MEDICAL SPECIALIST	995000
2	CIVIL ENGINEER	950000
3	ACCOUNTANT(R/C/FQC)	925000
3	ADVOCATE	925000
4	ATTORNEY,LAWYER	880000
5	GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER	870000
6	QUANTITY SURVEYOR	835000
7	DENTIST	800000
8	VETERINARIAN	785000
9	ARCHITECT	760000
10	PHARMACIST	725000
11	LAND SURVEYOR	680000
12	FARMER	650000

TABLE 9.7

RANK ORDER OF PROFITABILITY OF FIELDS OF STUDY OF EMPLOYEES
WITH A B.DEGREE AS HIGHEST QUALIFICATION BY CASH VALUE
DISCOUNTED AT 0 % PER ANNUM

RANK ORDER	FIELD OF STUDY	CASH VALUE (RAND)
1	B.COM.DEGREE	650000
2	B.SC.DEGREE	640000
3	B.A.DEGREE	540000

TABLE 9.8

RANK ORDER OF PROFITABILITY OF FIELDS OF STUDY OF EMPLOYEES WITH A
B.HONS. OR HIGHER DEGREE BY CASH VALUE DISCOUNTED AT 0 % PER ANNUM

RANK ORDER	FIELD OF STUDY	CASH VALUE (RAND)
1	ACCOUNTING	705000
2	BUSINESS ECONOMICS	690000
2	ECONOMICS	690000
3	CHEMISTRY	665000
3	PHYSICS	665000
4	MATHEMATICS	645000
5	PSYCHOLOGY	595000
6	AGRICULTURE	565000
7	AFRIKAANS	555000
8	ENGLISH	545000
8	ZOOLOGY	545000
9	SOCIOLOGY	540000
10	BOTANY	530000
11	HISTORY	520000
12	GEOGRAPHY	515000

The profitability of occupations in 1981 is compared with the corresponding data for 1971 to 1979 (Boshoff 1972 : 59; De Klerk 1975 : 53-54; De Klerk 1976 : 45-46; Kruger 1980 : 36-37). The aim of the comparison is to indicate the changes in the profitability of an occupation or field of study over a given period of time.

In 1979 the profitability of fields of study was investigated for the first time. The following aspects should be considered when comparisons are made:

(a) The 1981 questionnaire was extended to collect information on director's fees, profit-sharing bonuses of employees and the additional earnings of self-employed persons as described in Paragraph 3.2 b, c and d. These amounts are included in the incomes reported for 1981, but not in the income reported for previous years. These sources can be responsible for part of the increase in income when comparisons are made of the income structures. The effect of the omission in the data of previous years when comparisons are made of the rank order, is probably small.

(b) For the purposes of the 1981 report the retirement age is assumed to be 64 years of age. In the 1971 to 1979 reports the retirement age was assumed to be 65 years of age. The effect of the omission of the income at the end of the working life is probably small (see the income in the 64th year of working life in Tables 8.5 to 8.8).

For comparability, approximated cash values are used to give every occupation and field of study a rank order. In the interpretation of the results no attention should, however, be given to small differences in the cash values of occupations and fields of study since the calculation of the cash values is based on certain assumptions, see Paragraph 5 to 8.

The profitability of occupations practised by self-employed persons and employees is compared in Tables 10.1 and 10.2 and that of the fields of study of employees in Tables 10.3 and 10.4. Occupations and fields of study for which data are not available for at least two years, including 1979 and 1981, have been omitted. Exceptions were made in the following cases:

TABLE 10.1
COMPARISON OF PROFITABILITY OF OCCUPATIONS (1971 TO 1981) PRACTISED BY EMPLOYEES

Occupation	Cash value in Rands of the expected income discounted at 0 % per annum						Rank order of profitability					
	1971	1973	1975	1977	1979	1981	1971	1973	1975	1977	1979	1981
Insurance agent/broker	-	-	-	-	635 000	910 000	-	-	-	-	1	1
Medical specialist	305 000	305 000	435 000	450 000	550 000	785 000	1	2	1	4	2	2
General medical practitioner	285 000	300 000	395 000	405 000	505 000	755 000	3	3	3	10	6	3
Dentist	295 000	-	-	430 000	540 000	755 000	2	-	-	6	3	3
Accountant (r/c/FQC)	270 000	325 000	430 000	485 000	535 000	745 000	5	1	2	1	4	4
Graduate engineer	270 000	290 000	395 000	435 000	505 000	705 000	5	5	3	5	6	5
Business economist, economist	-	275 000	395 000	400 000	470 000	705 000	-	7	3	11	7	5
Geologist	-	-	-	460 000	530 000	670 000	-	-	-	2	5	6
Quantity surveyor	295 000	305 000	390 000	420 000	450 000	655 000	2	2	4	8	9	7
Computer scientist	-	-	-	-	435 000	630 000	-	-	-	-	11	8
Land surveyor	295 000	300 000	385 000	410 000	430 000	630 000	2	3	5	9	12	8
Town and regional planner	-	280 000	385 000	425 000	450 000	620 000	-	6	5	7	9	9
Physicist	-	270 000	360 000	385 000	450 000	620 000	-	8	8	13	9	9
Accountant (n.r./r.c./not FQC)	-	-	-	-	465 000	620 000	-	-	-	-	8	9
Architect	270 000	280 000	360 000	380 000	425 000	605 000	5	6	8	14	13	10
Lecturer	-	290 000	390 000	400 000	445 000	605 000	-	5	4	11	10	10
Attorney, lawyer	275 000	295 000	380 000	430 000	430 000	600 000	4	4	6	6	12	11
Veterinarian	245 000	235 000	365 000	390 000	445 000	590 000	6	10	7	12	10	12
Metallurgist	-	-	-	455 000	535 000	590 000	-	-	-	3	4	12
Biological scientist	-	-	315 000	360 000	410 000	535 000	-	-	10	16	14	13
Pharmacist	230 000	240 000	320 000	370 000	400 000	525 000	7	9	9	15	15	14
Agricultural extension officer	-	190 000	280 000	335 000	370 000	520 000	-	11	12	18	17	15
Archivist, librarian	-	240 000	320 000	350 000	370 000	490 000	-	9	9	17	17	16
Teacher, headmaster	-	235 000	310 000	325 000	375 000	460 000	-	10	11	19	16	17

- Data not available

TABLE 10.2
COMPARISON OF PROFITABILITY OF OCCUPATIONS (1971 TO 1981) PRACTISED BY SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS

Occupation	Cash value in Rands of the expected income discounted at 0 % per annum						Rank order of profitability					
	1971	1973	1975	1977	1979	1981	1971	1973	1975	1977	1979	1981
Medical specialist (all fields)	465 000	530 000	630 000	670 000	690 000	995 000	1	1	1	2	2	1
Graduate engineer (all fields)	430 000	475 000	570 000	560 000	645 000	935 000	3	4	5	8	3	2
Accountant (r/c/FQC)	445 000	495 000	620 000	680 000	700 000	925 000	2	2	2	1	1	3
Advocate	350 000	430 000	615 000	665 000	630 000	925 000	8	9	3	3	4	3
Attorney, lawyer	390 000	445 000	585 000	600 000	620 000	880 000	5	7	4	4	5	4
General medical practitioner	405 000	460 000	555 000	585 000	620 000	870 000	4	5	6	5	5	5
Quantity surveyor	465 000	485 000	570 000	570 000	630 000	835 000	1	3	5	7	4	6
Dentist	375 000	435 000	510 000	575 000	600 000	800 000	6	8	8	6	6	7
Veterinarian	315 000	345 000	415 000	470 000	515 000	785 000	9	11	11	12	9	8
Architect	390 000	450 000	515 000	535 000	545 000	760 000	5	6	7	9	7	9
Pharmacist	315 000	375 000	445 000	490 000	540 000	725 000	9	10	9	11	8	10
Land surveyor	360 000	450 000	510 000	455 000	490 000	680 000	7	6	8	13	10	11
Farmer	-	305 000	420 000	495 000	470 000	650 000	-	12	10	10	11	12

- Data not available

TABLE 10.3
COMPARISON OF PROFITABILITY OF FIELDS OF STUDY (1979 TO 1981) OF EMPLOYEES
WITH A B. DEGREE AS HIGHEST QUALIFICATION

Field of study	Cash value in Rands at the expected in- come discounted at 0 % per annum		Rank order of profitability	
	1979	1981	1979	1981
B.Com. degree	465 000	650 000	1	1
B.Sc. degree	460 000	640 000	2	2
B.A. degree	390 000	540 000	3	3

TABLE 10.4
COMPARISON OF PROFITABILITY OF FIELDS OF STUDY (1979 TO 1981) OF EMPLOYEES
WITH A B.HONS. OR HIGHER DEGREE

Field of study	Cash value in Rands of the expected in- come discounted at 0 % per annum		Rank order of profitability	
	1979	1981	1979	1981
Business economics	475 000	690 000	2	1
Economics	510 000	690 000	1	1
Chemistry	455 000	665 000	3	2
Physics	455 000	665 000	3	2
Psychology	415 000	595 000	4	3

(i) Teacher, headmaster: The data for all graduate teachers and headmasters employed in primary and secondary schools were grouped together to make comparison in 1981 possible.

(ii) Economist, business economist: This includes the data for the economist and the business economist.

(iii) Graduate engineer: This includes the data for the different branches such as civil, electrical and mechanical engineers.

Since 1979 the insurance agent in the case of employees holds first place in the profitability rank order and the medical specialist second place. The position of the general medical practitioner in the rank order improved from sixth to third position in the period 1979 to 1981 (Table 10.1), mainly because of overtime pay.

The position of the chartered accountant dropped from first position in 1977 to fifth position in 1981.

The positions of the graduate engineer, quantity surveyor, architect and land surveyor show an improvement in the rank order in the period 1979 to 1981, a period of high economic growth.

Since 1973 there has been a consistent deterioration in the position of the lecturer and teacher/headmaster. The position of the teacher, for example, dropped from tenth position in 1973 to the last position in the rank order in 1981. What the effect of the April increases will be, is unknown.

In the case of self-employed persons, the positions of the medical specialist and graduate engineer improved from second to first position and from third to second position in the rank order (Table 10.2).

The position of the chartered accountant dropped from first position to third position in the period 1979 to 1981.

Since 1971 the rank order position of pharmacists, architects, veterinarians and land surveyors has remained relatively low. Furthermore, the position of the architect has deteriorated since 1973.

The cash values in Table 10.1 to 10.4 show a considerable rise in the period 1979 to 1981. Increases in the cash value of as much as 40% are common. Although the additional earnings (see Par. 10(a)) may be responsible for part of the rise in income, a larger percentage of the rise can be attributed to a high growth in the GDP (Gross Domestic Product) of at least part of the period, and this reflects the demand for high-level manpower.

According to Table 10.3 the positions in the rank order in 1981 of employees with a B.A., B.Com. or B.Sc. degree as highest qualification remained the same as in 1979.

Table 10.4 shows that the position of employees with a B.Hons. or higher degree in business economics improved from second to first position in 1981.

11 PROFITABILITY IF WORKING HOURS ARE TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION

It is known that the number of working hours a worker devotes to the pursuit of his occupation has an effect on his income. In this chapter the effect of working hours on the profitability rank order is calculated and the rank order adjusted.

The calculation is done only for self-employed persons since the income of this group is affected by the number of hours worked. A self-employed person could increase his income by working more hours every week and thus increasing services rendered, whereas this is usually not the case with an employee. The calculation is done only for respondents who supplied the information on working hours and weeks.

In the questionnaire respondents were asked to indicate the number of hours a week (i.e. office hours, overtime and after hours) normally devoted to occupational activities for financial gain. Since leave benefits can also affect working hours, respondents were asked to indicate the number of working weeks per annum normally devoted to occupational activities. By using the indicated working hours and working weeks, the working hours per annum of respondents were calculated (working hours x working weeks) so that the working hours of respondents were comparable.

The following procedure is followed to adjust a respondent's income:

The median working hours per annum was calculated for the 13 occupations jointly, namely 2 444 hours. The income per hour was completed for every individual in every occupation (with the aid of the indicated income and working hours) and multiplied by 2 444 hours which results in the adjusted income per annum. For example, the adjusted income per annum of a person who indicated that he earned R20 000 p.a. and worked 2 600 hours, is R18 800 ($(20\ 000 \div 2\ 600) \times 2\ 444 = R18\ 800$).

Table 11.1 shows the median income per age group for the occupations before the income was adjusted and Table 11.2 shows the adjusted median income per age group. It is clear that persons in some occupations work far more hours per week than others. For example, the income of the medical specialist in Table 11.1 is higher than his adjusted income in Table 11.2.

The profitability of the occupations was again calculated as previously explained. The cash values of the expected income flows discounted at rates of interest 0 % to 16 %, are shown in Tables 11.3 and 11.4. Table 11.5 shows the profitability rank order of the occupations before and after adjustment of income. It will be noted that the rank order before adjustment given in Table 11.5 differs slightly from the rank order given in Table 9.6 because the information in Table 11.5 refers only to respondents who supplied the information on working hours.

The adjusted rank order shows that the position of the chartered accountant has improved from fourth to first position and the position of the medical specialist has dropped from first to third position. The chartered accountant receives the highest payment per hour but the medical specialist works far more hours per week than the accountant and therefore earns more.

The position of the general medical practitioner has dropped from fourth to tenth position.

TABLE 11.1
MEDIAN INCOME (R.P.A.) OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS IN 1981 BEFORE TAKING WORKING HOURS INTO CONSIDERATION BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

Occupation		Age											Total
		20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64			
Accountant (r/c/FQC)	N	1	43	193	233	182	149	100	97	62	1 060		
	Me	-	21 000	27 000	30 000	33 500	38 000	34 750	30 000	35 000	30 000		
Advocate	N	-	12	25	17	20	15	10	10	8	117		
	Me	-	15 140	26 000	40 000	35 500	40 000	45 000	44 000	16 000	32 280		
Architect	N	-	5	31	34	65	66	66	51	39	357		
	Me	-	17 200	21 500	24 000	30 000	28 000	29 500	27 000	24 000	26 000		
Attorney, lawyer	N	-	45	202	191	148	133	122	85	57	983		
	Me	-	17 000	25 000	34 000	36 000	35 000	31 000	30 000	30 000	30 000		
Civil engineer	N	1	10	29	44	73	52	50	38	17	314		
	Me	-	25 830	30 000	31 940	35 000	32 000	35 500	35 850	30 000	34 000		
Dentist	N	-	27	46	27	28	51	40	28	23	270		
	Me	-	24 000	30 000	28 000	24 500	30 000	24 400	27 930	24 000	26 000		
Farmer	N	8	93	96	117	86	59	46	42	35	582		
	Me	9 100	10 900	20 000	20 000	20 000	23 420	23 000	20 000	20 000	18 650		
General medical practitioner	N	-	19	115	116	100	71	95	122	75	713		
	Me	-	30 000	33 000	33 520	31 000	35 000	34 000	30 000	27 000	32 000		
Land surveyor	N	-	4	10	5	11	17	27	13	13	100		
	Me	-	-	24 700	20 000	21 000	22 000	20 000	20 000	21 150	20 090		
Medical specialist (all fields)	N	-	-	12	58	59	60	69	66	42	366		
	Me	-	-	46 450	45 000	48 000	46 800	42 000	40 200	32 930	42 850		
Pharmacist	N	-	22	90	93	73	84	61	49	16	488		
	Me	-	22 500	24 800	22 000	24 000	25 000	24 000	20 000	21 020	24 000		
Quantity surveyor	N	-	9	54	35	36	43	25	27	17	246		
	Me	-	17 400	25 000	29 000	24 000	30 000	35 000	30 000	35 000	26 700		
Veterinarian	N	-	16	28	40	13	7	8	2	3	117		
	Me	-	19 500	20 000	29 000	23 000	25 000	30 200	-	-	25 000		

TABLE 11.2
ADJUSTED MEDIAN INCOME (R.P.A.) IN 1981 OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS BY OCCUPATION AND AGE

Occupation		Age										Total
		20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64		
Accountant (r/c/FQC)	N	1	43	193	233	182	149	100	97	62	1 060	
	Me	-	25 000	31 330	35 760	38 410	41 780	41 000	36 720	48 180	36 560	
Advocate	N	-	12	25	17	20	15	10	10	8	117	
	Me	-	16 730	24 030	31 330	33 070	33 570	47 480	43 640	18 060	30 760	
Architect	N	-	5	31	34	65	66	66	51	39	357	
	Me	-	16 490	19 180	25 420	30 760	29 320	32 420	30 650	27 510	28 810	
Attorney, lawyer	N	-	45	202	191	148	133	122	85	57	983	
	Me	-	17 760	26 160	34 270	36 080	39 170	35 230	36 780	35 250	33 390	
Civil engineer	N	1	10	29	44	73	52	50	38	17	314	
	Me	-	28 440	31 940	36 970	36 560	35 830	38 810	40 870	39 170	36 640	
Dentist	N	-	27	46	27	28	51	40	28	23	270	
	Me	-	30 000	31 780	33 570	31 130	34 180	29 380	30 910	27 950	31 800	
Farmer	N	8	93	96	117	86	59	46	42	35	582	
	Me	8 650	8 400	15 670	14 690	16 030	18 800	17 230	18 680	19 140	14 710	
General medical practitioner	N	-	19	115	116	100	71	95	122	75	713	
	Me	-	21 570	25 180	25 800	24 450	26 350	26 980	25 220	23 500	25 180	
Land surveyor	N	-	4	10	5	11	17	27	13	13	100	
	Me	-	-	24 750	22 930	28 400	26 440	22 500	23 500	17 440	23 270	
Medical specialist (all fields)	N	-	-	12	58	59	60	69	66	42	366	
	Me	-	-	43 080	37 500	38 340	40 870	37 600	39 170	34 740	39 070	
Pharmacist	N	-	22	90	93	73	84	61	49	16	488	
	Me	-	18 700	21 060	18 950	21 490	21 170	21 100	20 000	19 980	20 580	
Quantity surveyor	N	-	9	54	35	36	43	25	27	17	246	
	Me	-	19 050	27 630	27 030	25 120	34 910	33 940	34 910	35 760	29 460	
Veterinarian	N	-	16	28	40	13	7	8	2	3	117	
	Me	-	20 820	17 070	23 890	20 830	23 500	21 600	-	-	22 560	

TABLE 11.3

CASH VALUE OF THE EXPECTED INCOME (RAND) OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS BEFORE TAKING WORKING HOURS INTO CONSIDERATION BY OCCUPATION AND VARIOUS DISCOUNT RATES

OCCUPATION	DISCOUNT RATES									
	0 %	2 %	4 %	6 %	8 %	10 %	12 %	14 %	16 %	
ACCOUNTANT(R/C/FQC)	923606	566292	366289	248521	175689	128523	96669	74335	58157	
ADVOCATE	923685	556511	349530	227603	152705	104868	73211	51587	36398	
ARCHITECT	762897	460981	291897	192506	131304	91951	65634	47411	34407	
ATTORNEY,LAWYER	873949	530681	338034	224587	154622	109571	79402	58482	43526	
CIVIL ENGINEER	952464	592230	388795	267166	192059	142433	108498	84410	66752	
DENTIST	797181	492401	319553	216374	151711	109332	80425	60011	45159	
FARMER	643083	392274	251499	168452	117051	83774	61331	45634	34302	
GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER	881172	537403	342955	227458	155611	108987	77570	55696	40035	
LAND SURVEYOR	685130	429752	284429	197166	142007	105455	80191	62078	48682	
MEDICAL SPECIALIST	1010672	601745	372706	238599	156735	104822	70761	47738	31770	
PHARMACIST	733603	461578	306200	212649	153425	114158	87027	67594	53239	
QUANTITY SURVEYOR	845092	510718	325409	217323	151059	108481	79924	60025	45692	
VETERINARIAN	774378	464360	292556	192402	131087	91790	65537	47347	34339	

TABLE 11.4

CASH VALUE OF THE EXPECTED ADJUSTED INCOME (RAND) OF SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS
BY OCCUPATION AND VARIOUS DISCOUNT RATES

OCCUPATION	DISCOUNT RATES									
	0 %	2 %	4 %	6 %	8 %	10 %	12 %	14 %	16 %	
ACCOUNTANT(R/C/FCC)	1050379	641089	413543	280323	198298	145341	109637	84621	66496	
ADVOCATE	889236	532393	332883	216153	144820	99424	69444	48980	34600	
ARCHITECT	793366	474606	297601	194459	131494	91342	64698	46380	33391	
ATTORNEY,LAWYER	933745	562310	355597	234840	160912	113619	82127	60391	44911	
CIVIL ENGINEER	1040363	644530	422354	290862	208941	155392	118830	92890	73867	
DENTIST	901010	558627	364135	247840	174829	126892	94135	70958	54064	
FARMER	542818	326587	206651	136666	93761	66206	47740	34887	25643	
GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER	730130	440192	277380	181380	122092	83885	58312	40621	28033	
LAND SURVEYOR	747489	470699	311765	215741	154854	114492	86649	66759	52118	
MEDICAL SPECIALIST	937505	554646	341840	217991	142721	95121	63933	42856	28229	
PHARMACIST	664845	414622	272749	187936	134596	99437	75267	58028	45339	
QUANTITY SURVEYOR	880267	531917	338939	226418	157454	113151	83441	62743	47836	
VETERINARIAN	665198	405574	259483	172978	119202	84235	60566	43973	31988	

TABLE 11.5
RANK ORDER OF PROFITABILITY OF OCCUPATIONS PRACTISED BY SELF-EMPLOYED PERSONS BEFORE AND AFTER ADJUSTMENTS OF INCOME BY CASH VALUE DISCOUNTED AT 0 % PER ANNUM

Rank order before adjustment	Rank order after adjustment	Occupation	Cash value (Rand) before adjustment	Adjusted cash value (Rand)
3	1	Accountant (r/c/FQC)	925 000	1 050 000
2	2	Civil engineer	950 000	1 040 000
1	3	Medical specialist	1 010 000	940 000
5	4	Attorney, lawyer	875 000	935 000
7	5	Dentist	795 000	900 000
3	6	Advocate	925 000	890 000
6	7	Quantity surveyor	845 000	880 000
9	8	Architect	765 000	795 000
11	9	Land surveyor	685 000	745 000
4	10	General medical practitioner	880 000	730 000
8	11	Veterinarian	775 000	665 000
10	11	Pharmacist	735 000	665 000
12	12	Farmer	645 000	545 000

In this investigation the profitability of a number of occupations and fields of study practised by graduates was determined as at 1 March 1981. Several other occupations and fields of study that were not included in the investigation could however change the present rank order if sufficient data for these occupations and fields of study were available for analysis.

When choosing an occupation, the relative profitability of that occupation is an important factor to take into consideration, but aspects such as conditions of work, aptitude, personality and many others should also be considered.

This report is one of a series on the wage structure of graduates. The other reports in the series are available from the HSRC and are the following:

- The wage structure of White male graduates in 1981 (MR-84)
Analyses on the wage structure of White men by occupation, employer sector, economic sector, et cetera are included. Analysis of the fringe benefits of employees is also included.
- The wage structure of White female graduates in 1981 (MR-86)
The wage structure of women in full-time and part-time posts is analyzed by occupation, employer, job experience, et cetera.
- The wage structure of Asian, Black and Coloured graduates in 1981 (MR-87)
Analyses on the wage structure by occupation, employer, economic sector, level of educational qualifications and fringe benefits are included.
- The wage structure of graduate engineers in 1981 (MR-85)
An extensive analysis on the wage structure of graduate engineers by branch of engineering, professional status, engineering field of study, et cetera is included in this report.

The profitability rank order of occupations and fields of study is not static because wages change. This study will be repeated as soon as the information on the wage structure of graduates has been updated.

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